5 THIINGS SUCCESSFUL WAREHOUSE AND LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT LEADERS DO



INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY & AUTOMATION KNOWLEDGE



Understand IT as a Buyer to Automate Business Processes:

Automation in distribution centers, warehouses and supply chain in logistics are taking care of the supply chain management, inventory management fleet management, order and delivery management, decision making and much more today. Supply chain is all about people using technology as a tool, find what ERP and business intelligence applications will suit your business well. Your input into IT procurement will be crucial to discuss and negotiate those with vendors.



Enterprise Software Applications: Understand the use of ERP, WMS, TMS, as well as analytics software, a staple

source of leadership decision support and logistics automation these days.



Stop relying on handmade reports, excel spreadsheets and subordinate employees

Enterprise IT Skills at User-level:

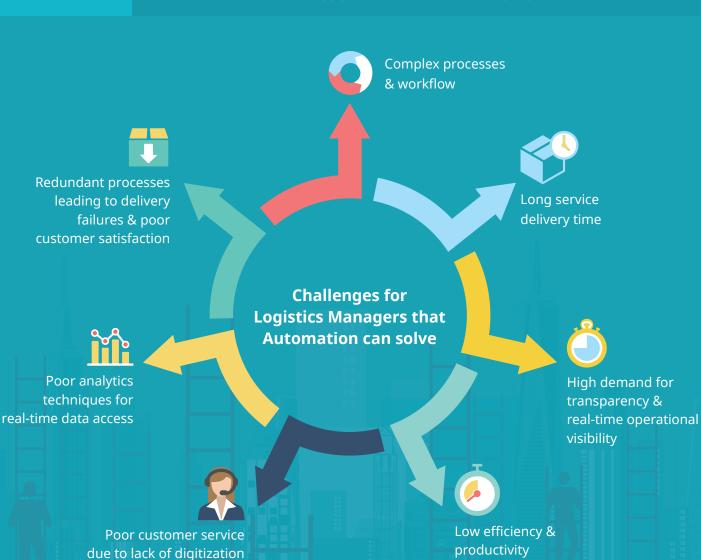
to do hands-on work with business information systems, and for decision making.



The key to increasing productivity in logistics lies on reducing delivery time. Processes

Concentrate on Reducing Delivery Time:

need to be more efficient, transparent and integrated to all the stages of the supply chain with appropriate technology solutions and communication channels. Process automation solutions reduce service delivery times by half, saving 1 hour or more of a logistics staff daily. As such, skills in process automation solutions are becoming more crucial than ever to supply chain leaders than their people skills.



A GRASP OF ECONOMICS AND MARKET DYNAMICS

& mobility

buying-behavior. Focus on what lies ahead and to some extent, you should be able to predict it. Understand what drives demand,

There are rapid and unpredictable changes and shifts in the logistics world, customer, and their

market dynamics relating to logistics industry and your company.

Thorough understanding of the



services provided by your organization and its competitors. This impact many aspects of supply chain management, including the cost of goods sold and the cost to serve your company's customers.

supply, and pricing of goods and

opportunity, measure progress, report accomplishments, prioritize next steps, and develop tactics and strategy. **UNDERSTANDING COST-TO-SERVE**

reports and forecasts. A supply chain leader uses data to spot





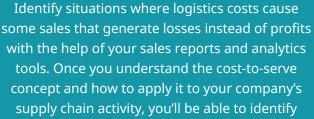
customers and learn to do so at a profit.



segmentation, and profitability.



For instance, focusing on the actual costs



unprofitable customers and products. THE SKILL OF FLEXIBILITY TO EMPOWER EMPLOYEES' IDEAS

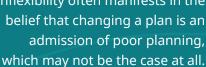
Encourage your team to

embrace technological change,

To be a good logistics leader, it isn't

innovator, it is enough that you support

necessary that you have to be an



Inflexibility often manifests in the rather than resist it belief that changing a plan is an admission of poor planning,

Be courageous enough to drop

plans and embrace new ones, if

the former is not working.



and drive those innovative thinkers giving them the confidence to present their relevant ideas

A proactive approach to risk management

people

The ability to encourage,

train and get the best from

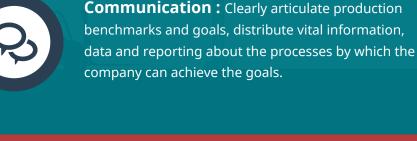
The ability to negotiate

successfully for resources, budgets, and schedules





Collaboration: Seamless collaboration across boundaries between various touch points across the value chain is critical in logistics industry. Enterprise apps that provide detailed insights and real time operational visibility to workers has led to better efficiency



in different logistics modules.

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